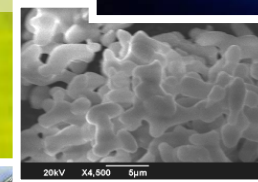


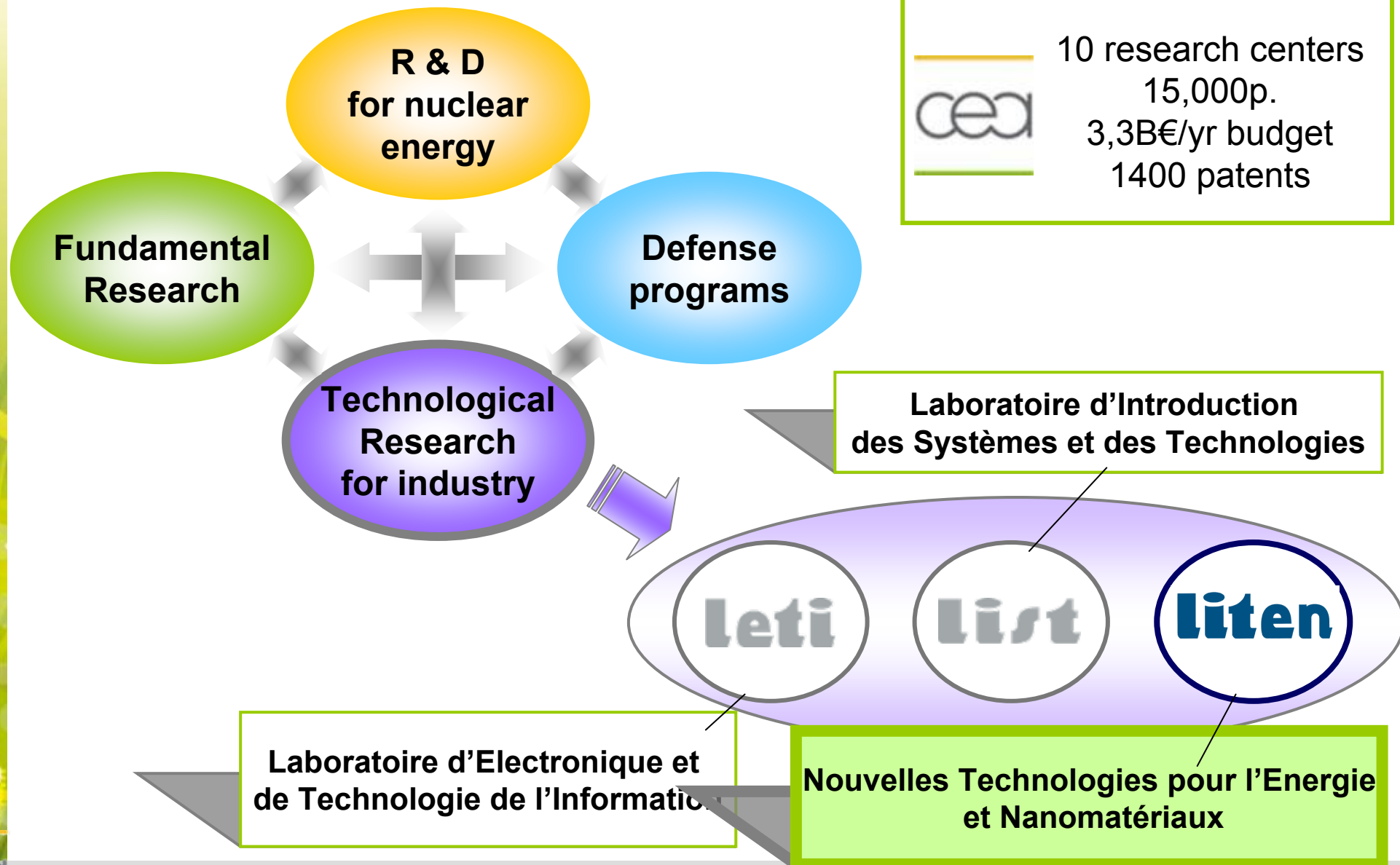
Développement des accumulateurs et μ -batteries Li-ion au CEA - LITEN

Frédéric LE CRAS



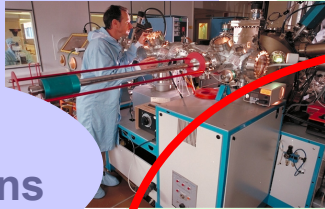
- Introduction : CEA Liten
- Accumulateurs Li-Ion: développements du prototypage à l'industrialisation
- Axes de développements des batteries Li-Ion
→ besoins : High Energy / High Power-Fast Charge Li-Ion cells
- μ -batteries au lithium et Li-ion: solutions de stockage innovantes pour l'alimentation des microsystèmes

CEA : Energie Nucléaire et Energies Nouvelles



CEA - LITEN : De la Recherche à l'Industrie

1 Fundamental research



leti list liten

Public Institute making research in partnership
Public – Private
(75% turnover)

2 Applied Research

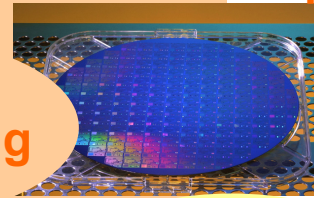


Patents

3

Industrial Development

Prototyping



4

Products



CEA-LITEN
900 p.
400 patents
(+160 in 2010)

Publications

«4 P»

Développements au CEA-LITEN

Automotive Market

New Energy for Transportation

Electrical Powered

Hybridizing
Fuel Cell / **Batteries**,
storage and delivery
Energy Saving / Storage
Electrical Conversion / management



Building Market

New Energy for building

Solar Energies

Thermal and
Photovoltaic cells
Electrical Systems
Energetic efficiency
Building integration



Nomad Market

New Energy for nomad devices

Hybrid components

Micro-Power Sources
incl. Organic components
based on
NanoTechnologies



New fuel Market

New Energy from biomass

Novel fuel

Biomass to liquid,
Massive hydrogen
production
Hydrogen storage



More than 150 people developing Li-ion batteries
from the materials and their characterization to electrode coating, cell prototyping, battery management systems, testing, modeling, LCA,...

Développements au CEA-LITEN

Automotive Market

New Energy for Transportation

Electrical Powered

Hybridizing
Fuel Cell / **Batteries**,
storage and delivery
Energy Saving / Storage
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Building Market

New Energy for building

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Thermal and
Photovoltaic cells
Electrical Systems
Energetic efficiency
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Nomad Market

New Energy for nomad devices

Hybrid components

Micro-Power Sources
incl. Organic components
based on
NanoTechnologies



New fuel Market

New Energy from biomass

Novel fuel

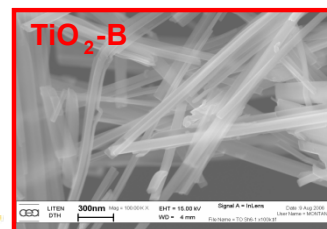
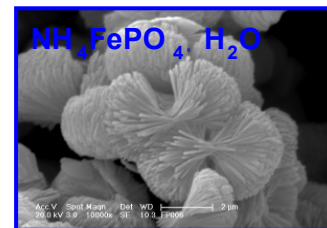
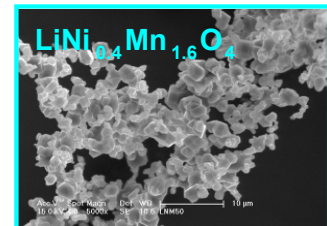
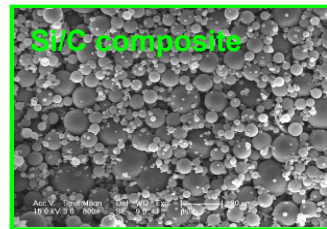
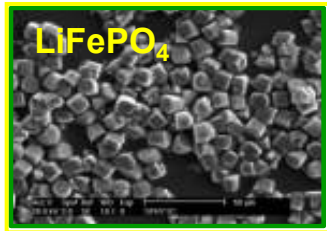
Biomass to liquid,
Massive hydrogen
production
Hydrogen storage



More than **150** people developing Li-ion batteries
from the **materials** and their characterization to electrode coating, **cell prototyping**, battery
management systems, testing, modeling, LCA,...

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Li-ion material development and characterization



Electrodes materials synthesis

Positive electrode

- Safe Polyanionic materials (LiFePO₄...)
- High Voltage Spinel oxides
- High Capacity Layered oxides

Negative electrode

- High Power Titanium Based Compounds
- High Capacity Si/C composites

Electrolytes

salts, solvents, additives, ILs

Membranes

new materials

New systems

Li/Sulfur, Li-air, Li-water,...

TEM,...



Hydrothermal synthesis



Spray drying



Lab, Pilot

Microwaves



Ball/jet milling



30g

Freeze-drying



200g

Furnaces



1-2 kg

5-10kg

8

Li-ion batteries prototyping

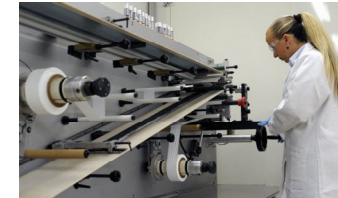
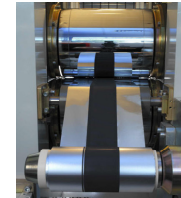
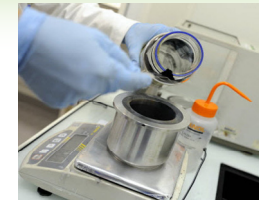
Electrodes / Cells prototyping

Electrode formulation and rheological characterization, coating

Electrode calendaring and slitting

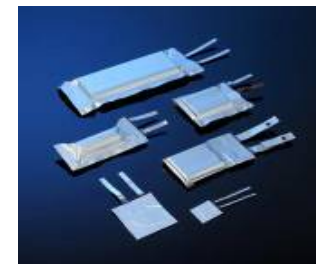
Cell winding, assembly

Electrolyte filling, crimping, welding



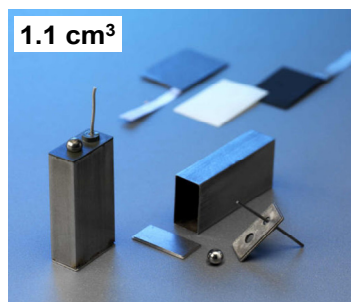
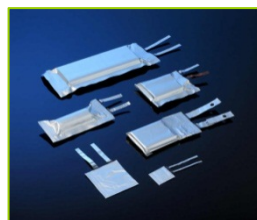
A 130m² dry room with 3 areas
Dew points: -20°C and -40°C
Line capability from 5 to 15kWh/month

On-demand Li-ion batteries :



Li-ion batteries prototyping : On-demand Li-ion batteries at CEA-LITEN

From 1mAh to 40Ah cells (including bipolar technology)



SAFT chemistry inside

Sensors

3.2V - 40 mAh
-0.01% / cycle
LiFePO₄-B/Graphite
Efficiency > 99%

Medical Implants

3.7V - 50 mAh - 2.45 g
10 years at 37°C
4000 cycles
Layered oxide/Graphite



Safety tests performed successfully

Strong weldings
High tightness



After nail test



Overcharged cell

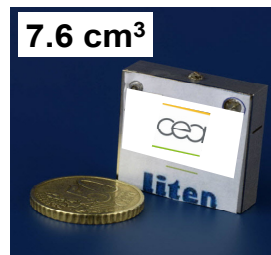
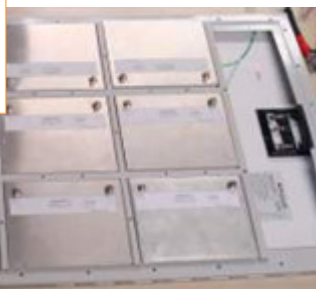
EVs

1.9-4.3V
-
20 Ah



Photovoltaic

3.2V - 10 Ah
High cycle life
Operating up to
+70°C



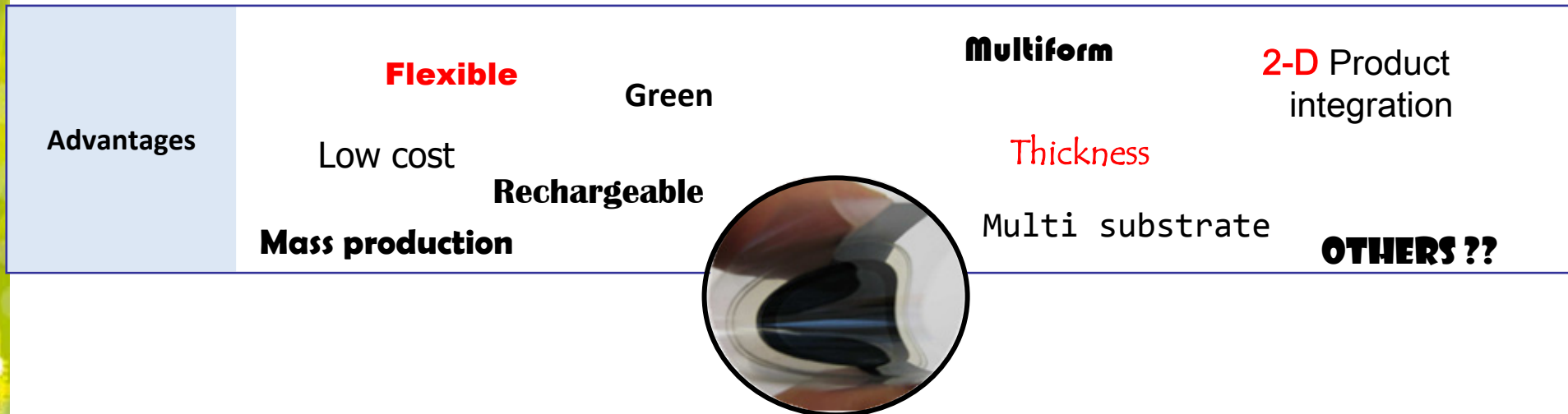
Spatial Sensor

3.7V - 350 mAh
Cell for extreme
conditions

Lithium-Ion

Thin Film Batteries (TFB)

(Thin, Conformable-Flexible & Printed Batteries)



Thin Flexible Batteries

	Cathode / Anode	Electrolyte/Membrane	Current collectors	Substrat
Materials	■ LiCoO_2 / Graphite ■ LiCoO_2 / $\text{Li}_4\text{Ti}_5\text{O}_{12}$ ■ $\text{Li}(\text{Ni}_x\text{Mn}_y\text{Co}_z)\text{O}_2$ / Graphite ■ $\text{Li}(\text{Ni}_x\text{Mn}_y\text{Co}_z)\text{O}_2$ / $\text{Li}_4\text{Ti}_5\text{O}_{12}$ ■ LiFePO_4 / Graphite ■ LiFePO_4 / $\text{Li}_4\text{Ti}_5\text{O}_{12}$	■ Liquid electrolyte with separator (PvdF...) ■ Gelled electrolyte	■ Copper, aluminum ■ Conducting polymers ...	■ Bent or plane surface ■ Glass ■ Plastic ■ Paper ■ Wood ■ Textile ■ Metal
Process	■ Different process available inspired from printing industry in aqueous/organic media : ■ Screen printing ■ Gravure printing : - Flexography/Heliogravure			
Equipments	■ Printing Lab & Pilot tools for industrial transfer : ■ Coating (Slot die), 3m/min ■ Screen printing : sheet by sheet and Reel to Reel in dry room ■ Flexography/Heliogravure with/without Screen printing			
				

Li-ion batteries Pilot line



Semi Industrial Line – End 2010
Dry room extension > 400m²
New facilities (>1000m²)
Line capability up to 500kWh/month



Major Partnerships allowing CEA battery activity to ramp up steadily



PROLLiON



and more...

PROLLiON

**Li-ion Battery pack manufacturer
created end of 2009**

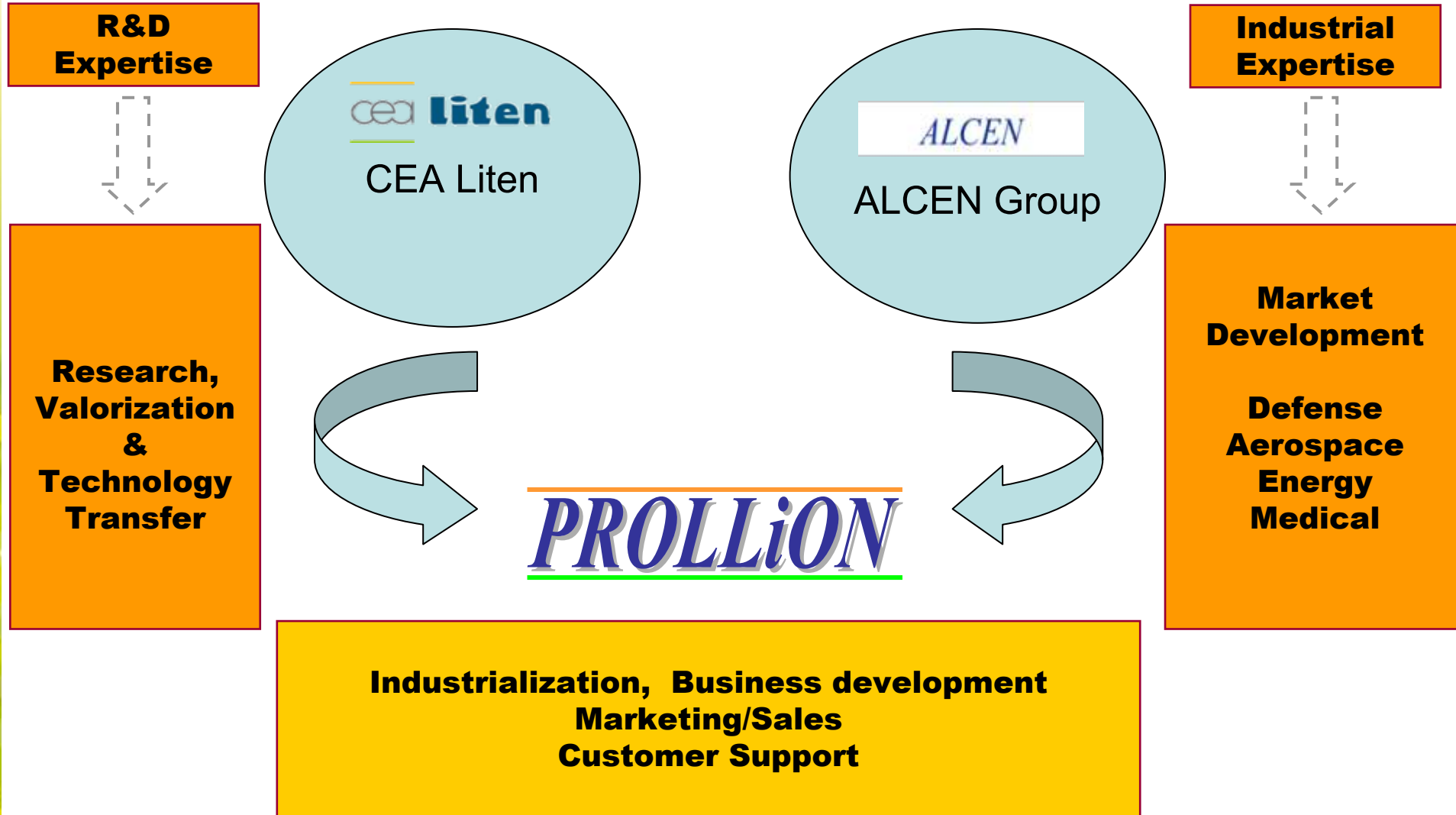
ALCEN

liten

cea

liten

PROLLiON Business Model



Company

PROLLiON develops and manufactures custom-designed cells and battery systems, from the most innovative Li-ion technologies to meet high demanding customer needs

- Breakthrough performances: autonomy, power, energy
- Severe environments: thermal, mechanical
- Volume constraints
- Reliability, safety, ...



Applications

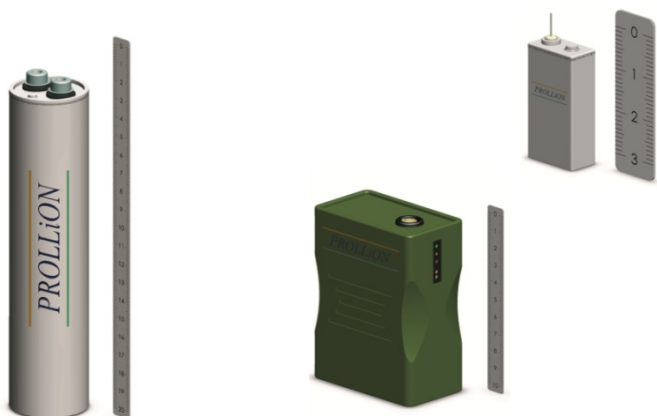
- **Stationary systems:** renewable energies, grid support, ...
- **Electric vehicles:** buses, light electric trams, light vehicle fleet, ...
- **Defense:** soldier of the future, radio communication, unmanned vehicles (UAVs, UUVs, ...)
- **Aeronautics and Space** (autonomous sensors, ...)
- **Sea and Underwater** applications
- **Medical:** implantable medical devices, ...
- **Distress beacons, seismic sensors**
- ...

Products

Li-ion Technology Cells

Performance :

- Capacity from 10 mAh to 35 Ah
- Energy density up to 250 Wh/kg
- Specific power up to 3000 W/kg
- Ultrafast recharge up to 80% capacity recharge in less than 5 minutes
- Extreme temperatures : from -50°C to above +100°C



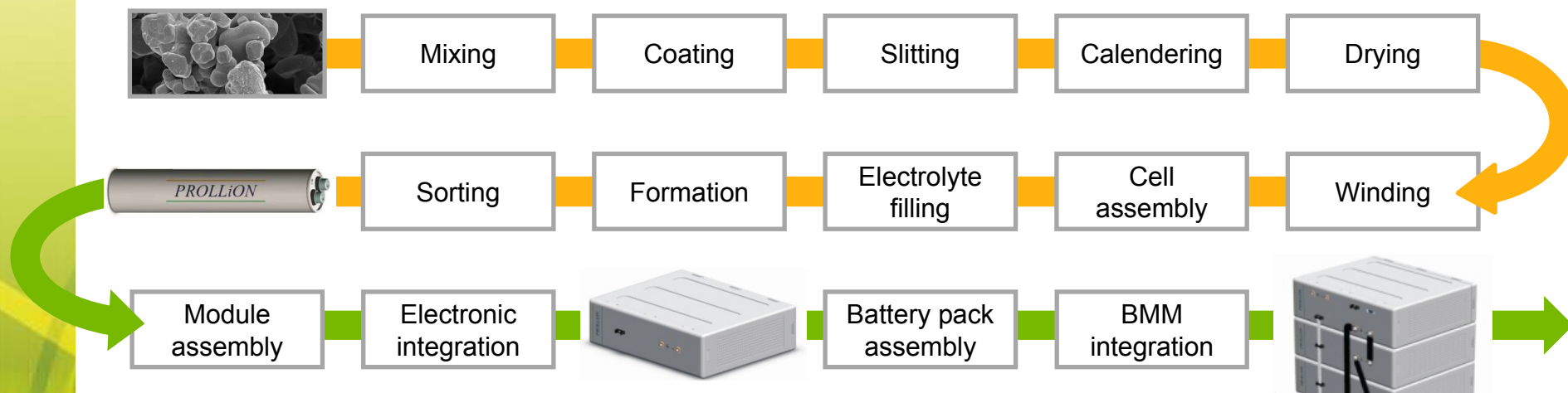
Li-ion Technology Battery Systems

Functions et performance :

- System architecture : mechanical, thermal, electronic, electro technical
- Smart function, energy management, protection, communication, ...
- Voltage up to 850 V
- Explosive atmosphere (Atex)



Manufacturing Equipments



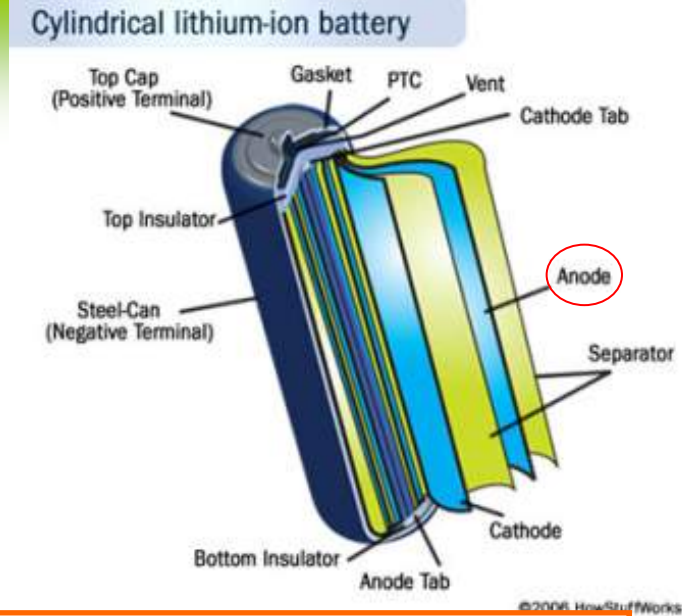
Key Partners



- Introduction : CEA Liten
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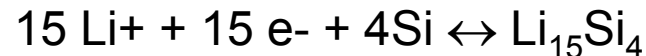
Augmentation de l'Energie: How?

- Introducing Si-C composite negative electrode



Advantages

High capacity **3570mAh/g for Si/C vs practical 330mAh/g for graphite** :



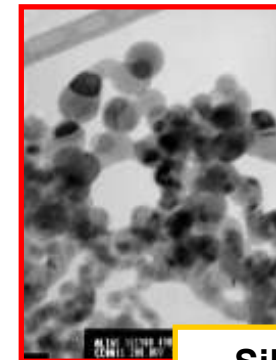
Reversible capacity « targeted » **1000 mAh/g**

Problems

- Volume changes ($\text{Si} - 0.25\text{Li}_{15}\text{Si}_4$): **+280 %**

⇒ Discrepancies, disconnections from electric circuit...

⇒ High irreversibility



Silicon from 20 to 50nm with carbon

Investigations

- **Nano structuration** to limit the mechanical damage, design of new binders, formulation of defined association of particles / binder for better cyclability...

Example of High Energy : Application with Si/C (-)

- Positive : NCA (NiCoAl Oxide)
- 3.2 x 3.6 x 0.5 cm core
- Mixed carbonate electrolyte

- Wound Configuration



Graphite prototypes

- 850 mAh
- **200 Wh.kg⁻¹**
- 450 Wh.L⁻¹



Si-C prototypes

- 1250 mAh
- **260 Wh.kg⁻¹ (+30%)**
- 600 Wh.L⁻¹
- Reduced cyclability for niche market

Augmentation de l'Energie: How?

■ Introducing High Energy positive electrodes

- The layered oxides (LO) for positive electrode studied since 1980 (J.B. Goodenough)

→ LiCoO_2 (**LCO**) – Typically 140-150mAh/g, 3.7V vs Li

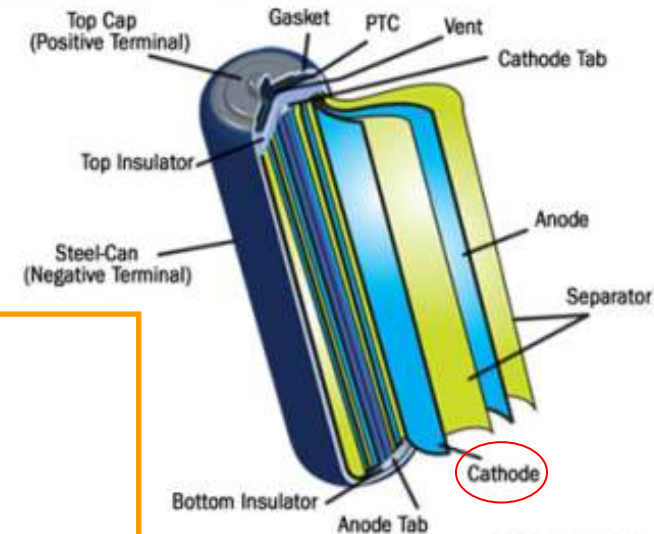
- Numerous substitutions for Co for the last 30 years (Ni, Al, Mg,...) and Mn in late 90's

→ e.g. $\text{LiNi}_{0.8}\text{Co}_{0.15}\text{Al}_{0.05}\text{O}_2$ (**NCA**) and $\text{LiNi}_{1/3}\text{Co}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3}\text{O}_2$ (**NMC**)

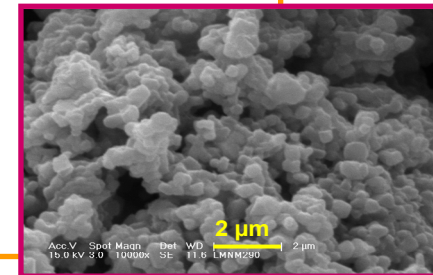
- **Li-rich Mn-based layered oxides** first by the Thackeray's group at ANL, in the 00's

→ $x\text{Li}_2\text{MnO}_3 \bullet (1-x)\text{LiMO}_2$ with $\text{M}=\text{Mn}, \text{Co}, \text{Ni}, \dots$ 3.5V vs Li

⇒ **Potential at 300mAh/g (HE-LMO)**



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- **High voltage** $\text{LiNi}_{0.4}\text{Mn}_{1.6}\text{O}_4$ ("**5V Spinel**") => 147mAh/g @ **4.7V vs Li**

Augmentation de la Puissance : How?

- Introducing High Power / High Rate Capability negative electrodes
- Working on cells "passive" components: separator, electrolyte, design to reduce R_i ...

Negative : $\text{Li}_4\text{Ti}_5\text{O}_{12}$ to replace Graphite. Fast charge, high stability & high safety (Intercalation voltage 1.55 V/Li⁺/Li $\Rightarrow$ no risk of Li plating even at high intercalation rate)

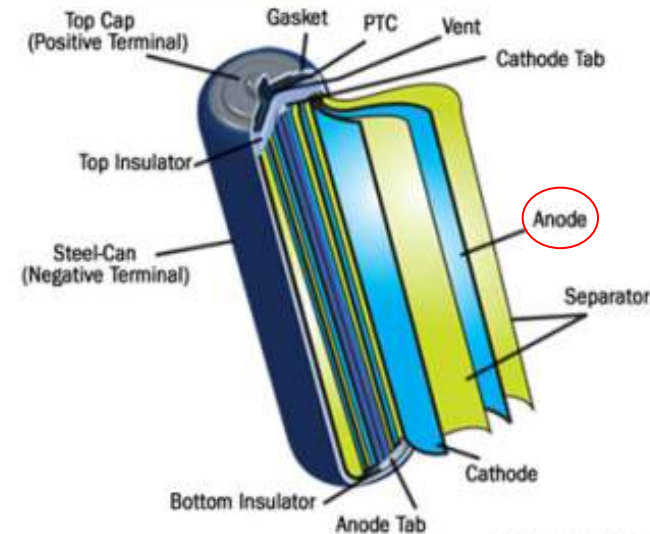


EV Battery Charge

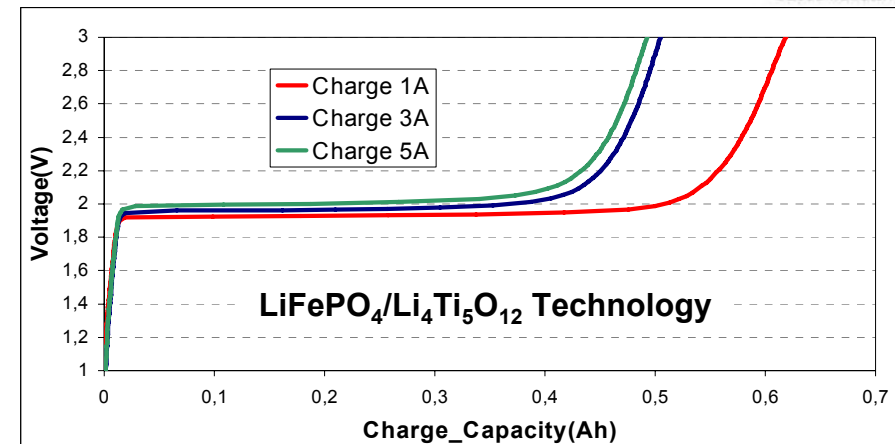
Today: 6 hours

Next: 20 min (80% charged capacity, i.e. 400V)

Cylindrical lithium-ion battery



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$\Rightarrow$ 80 % of capacity charged in 6 minutes

$\Rightarrow$ Target = Full Charge in less than 3 minutes

Example of High Power : Application with LTO (-) – Mild Hybrid EV

BATTERY DATA SHEET

Technology : LiFePO_4 / $\text{Li}_4\text{T}_3\text{O}_{12}$ (1.88V)

Design : Bipolar
13 unit cells

Nominal electrical data

Capacity @ C/10 target, +20°C : 0.7 Ah

Nominal voltage : 24 V

Maximum voltage (continue charge) : 33 V

Minimum voltage (continue discharge) : 6.5 V

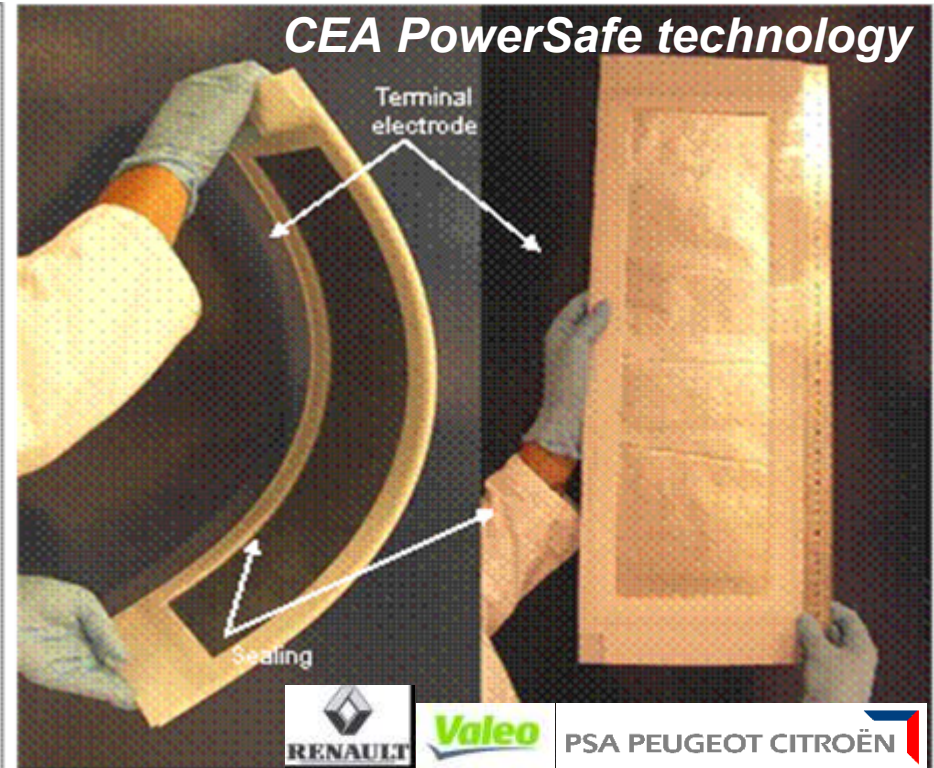
Mechanical data (hard casing excluded)

Length : 615 mm

Width : 205 mm

Thickness : 2.5 mm

Weight : 0.7 kg



A charge at max. current 30 A
and 30 V cut-off voltage : 30 A
(3s) $\Leftrightarrow$ 40 C rate

24V-15Wh Bipolar

Prototype :

2-3kW/kg (P Ref LFP/G 1kW/kg)

At least 35-40% of usable capacity

29Wh/kg & 47Wh/L

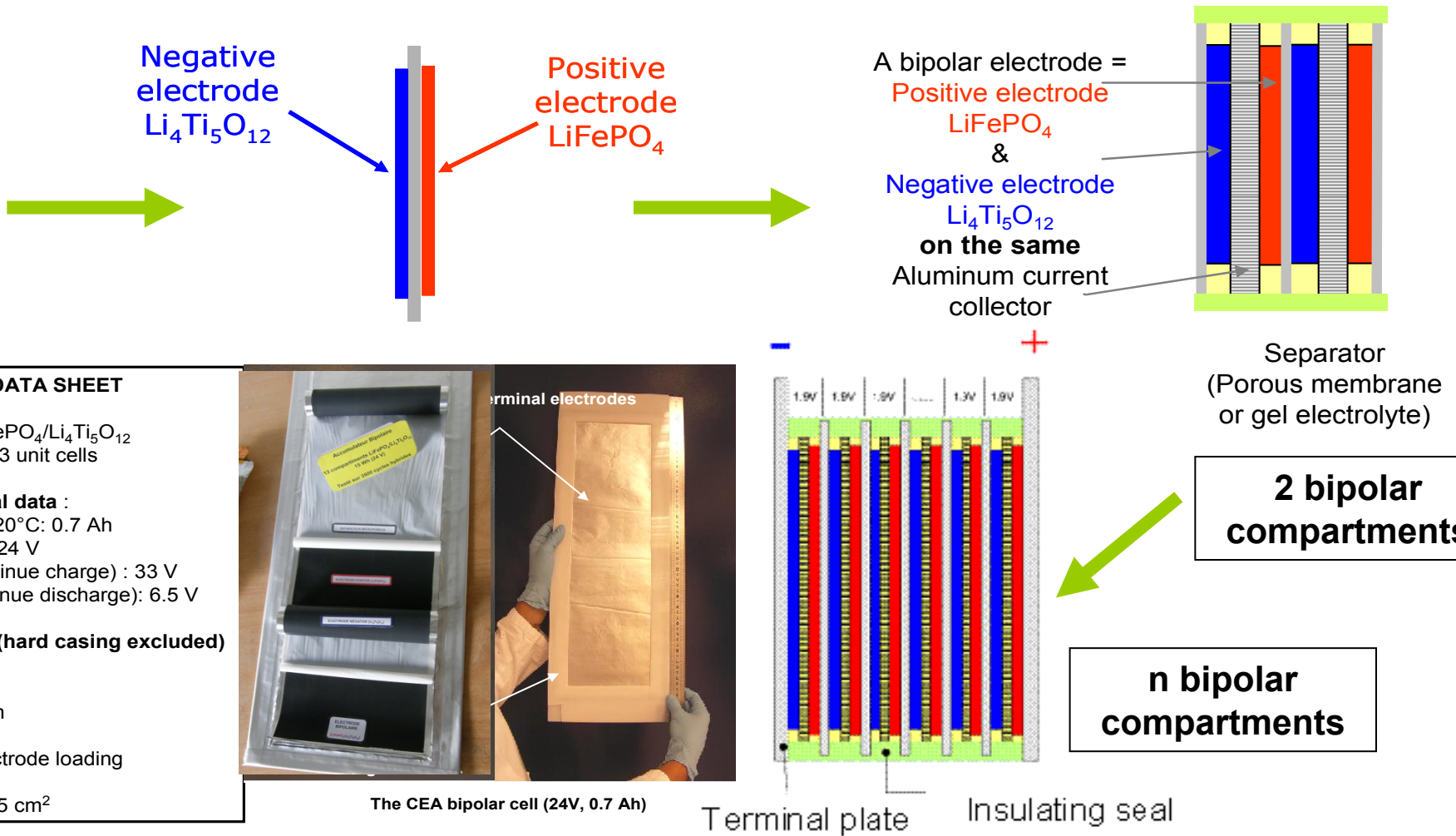
7.5y life time in HEV profile

50Wh/kg reachable with ability of regenerative and discharge power peaks around 10kW/kg for 0,5 to 1s and around 5kW/kg for 3s to 10s without any cyclability deterioration of the cell

The bipolar technology

Aluminum is compatible with the $\text{Li}_4\text{Ti}_5\text{O}_{12}$ negative electrode

→ Light weight. Cheaper than Cu. and Double-sided coating possibility



BIPOLAR CELL DATA SHEET

Technology : $\text{LiFePO}_4/\text{Li}_4\text{Ti}_5\text{O}_{12}$

Design : Bipolar 13 unit cells

Nominal electrical data :

Capacity @ C/10 20°C: 0.7 Ah

Nominal voltage : 24 V

Max. voltage (continue charge) : 33 V

Min. voltage (continue discharge) : 6.5 V

Mechanical data (hard casing excluded)

Length: 615 mm

Width: 205 mm

Thickness: 2.5 mm

Weight: 0.7 kg

Typical power electrode loading

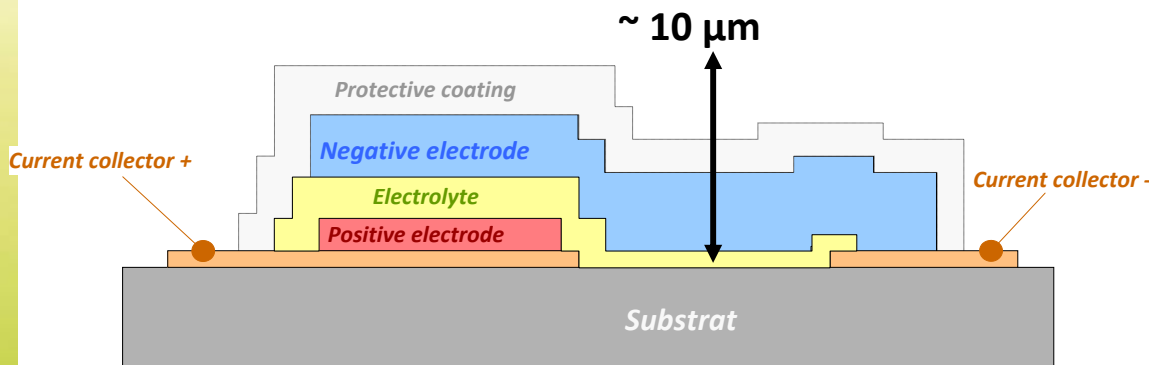
40 μm Al foils

Active area 50 x 15 cm^2

Sommaire

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What is a microbattery ?



Polymer + $(\text{SiO}_x, \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3)$ + metal

Li metal, Alloys (Si, Ge, Al, ...), SnO_x

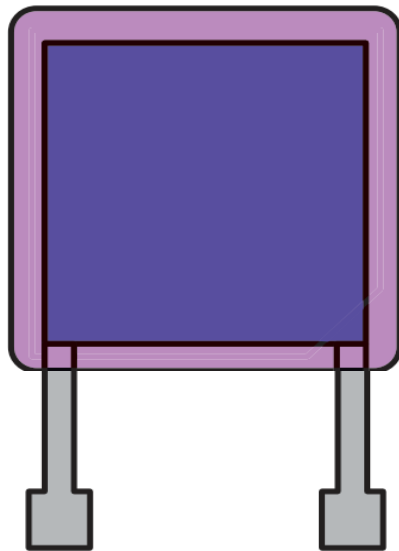
LiPON, LiBSO

V_2O_5 , TiOS, LiCoO_2 , LiMn_2O_4 ,...

Pt, W, Ti,...

Rigid: Si wafer, glass

Flexible: polyimide, metal foil, mica

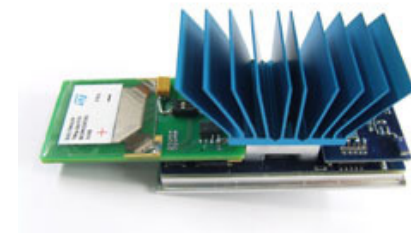
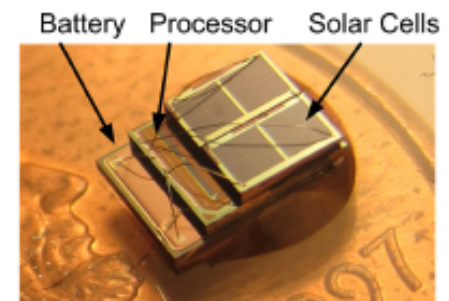
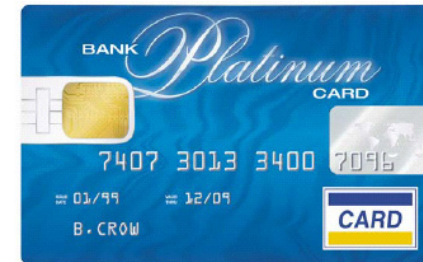


Main characteristics :

- Capacity $\sim 200 \mu\text{Ah.cm}^{-2}$, 1 to 4V, power $< 5 \text{ mW.cm}^{-2}$
- Preparation by using specific techniques (PVD, CVD...)
- Use of a solid electrolyte
- High cycle life (1k-10k cycles), high calendar life (~ 10 years), possibly high voltage ($\sim 5\text{V}$), low self discharge ($< 5\%/ \text{year}$), environment friendly
- Sustain high temperature (operation, storage)
- Easy to prepare in a variety of shapes and to any required size (mm^2 to cm^2)

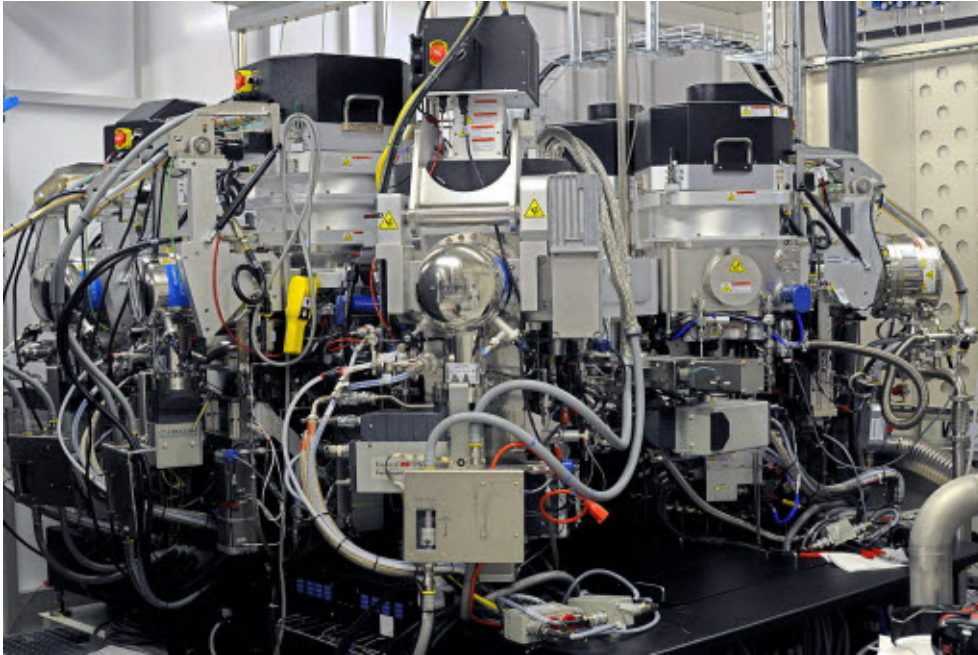
Applications

- Real-time clock (RTC)
- Secured smart cards and RFID tags
- Microactuators
- Stand-alone sensors
 - μ -battery as single power source
 - Hybrid micropower source with harvesting system
 - photovoltaics
 - thermoelectrics



Microbattery manufacturing

- Process development on industrial tool (200mm substrates) in clean room



Endura cluster: 4 to 7 sputtering chambers

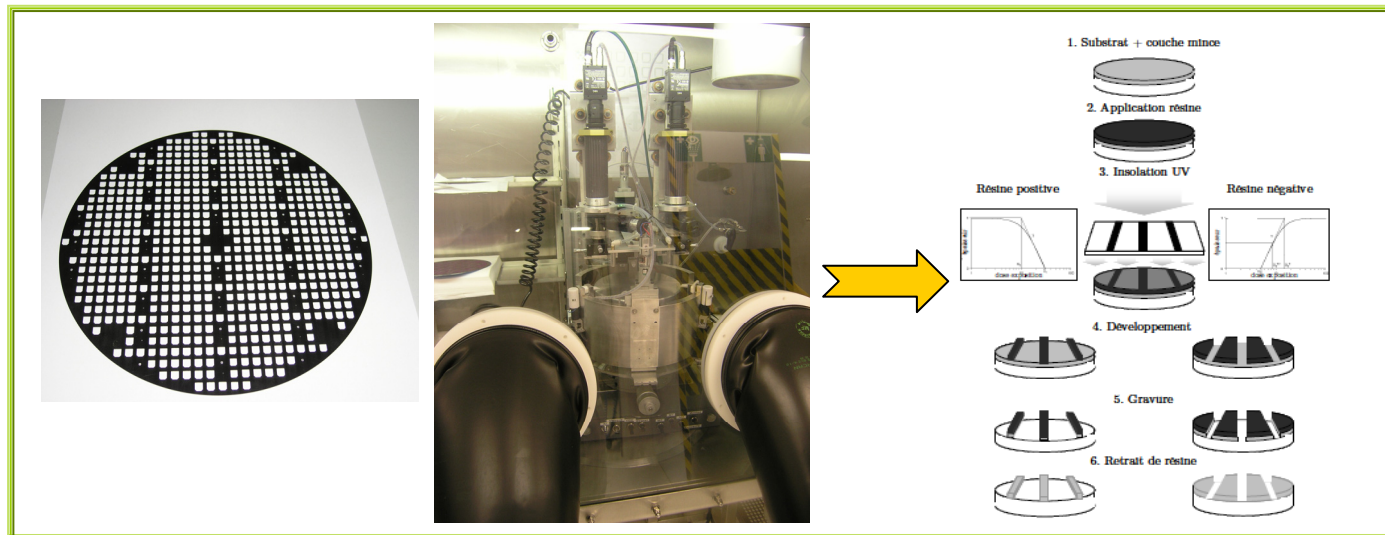


Connected Ar-filled glove box

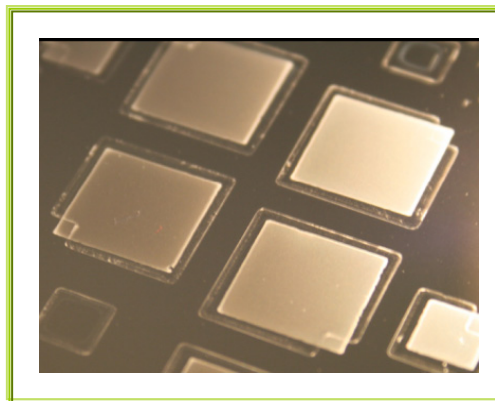
- Main partner: ST Microelectronics

Microbattery manufacturing

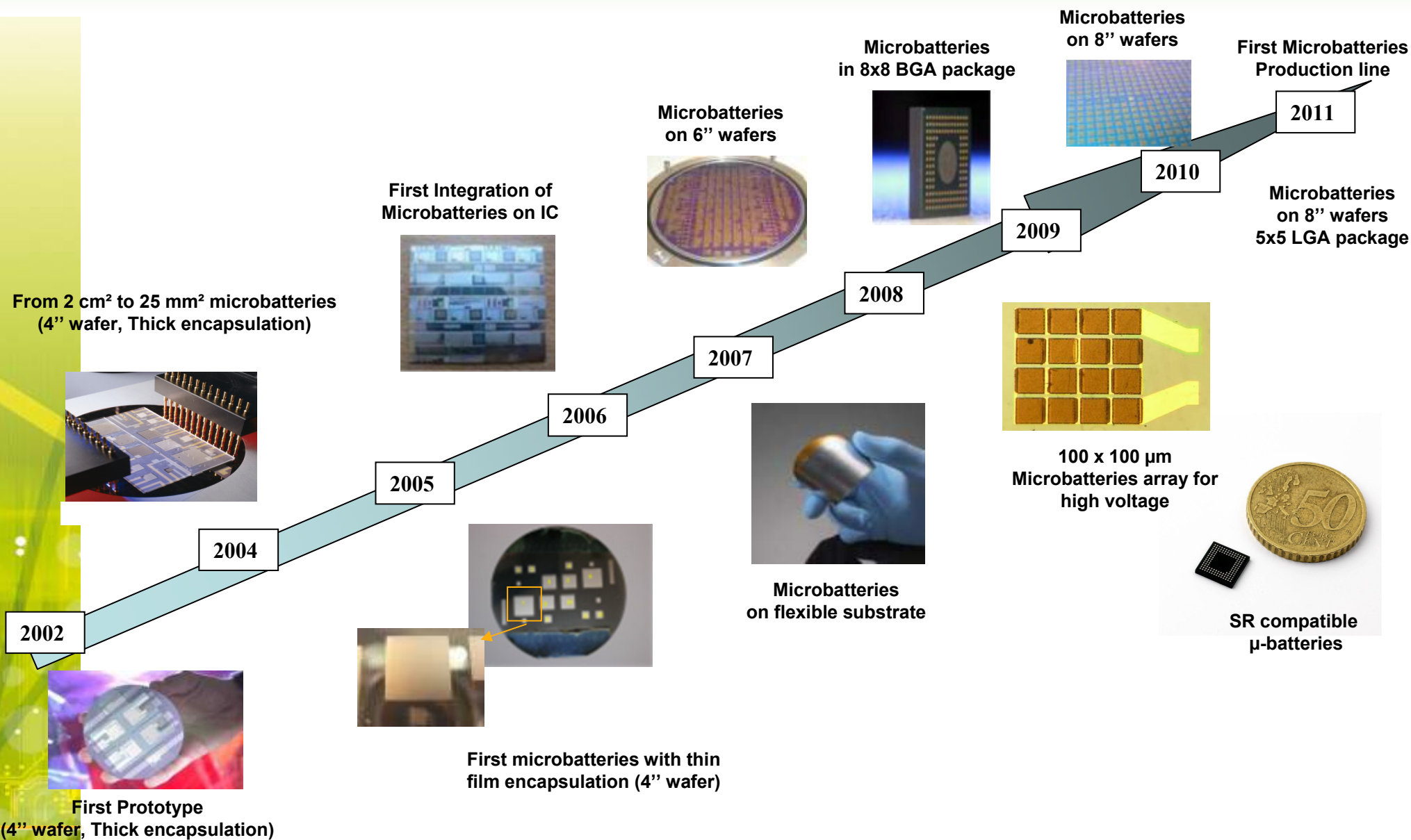
- Patterning: from shadow mask to maskless process



- Up to 800 microbatteries on a 8'' wafer

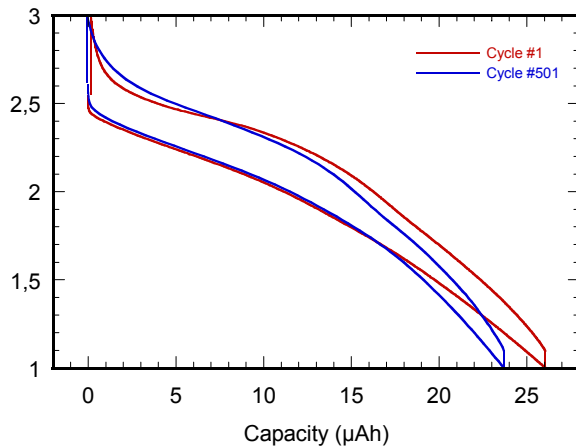


Evolution of CEA Microbatteries prototypes

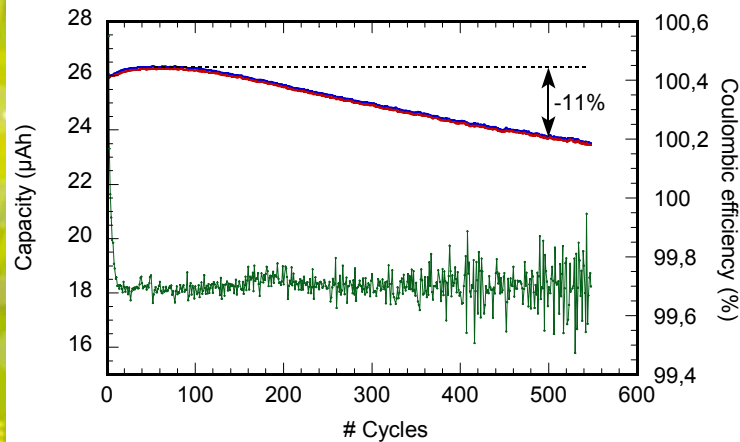


Typical lithium metal μ -battery: Li/LiPON/TiO_xS_y

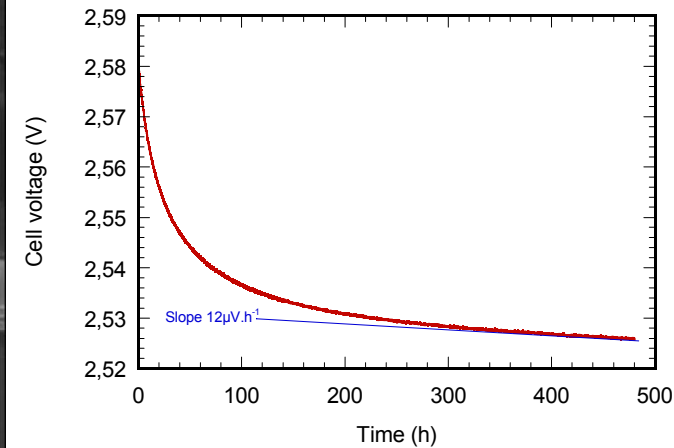
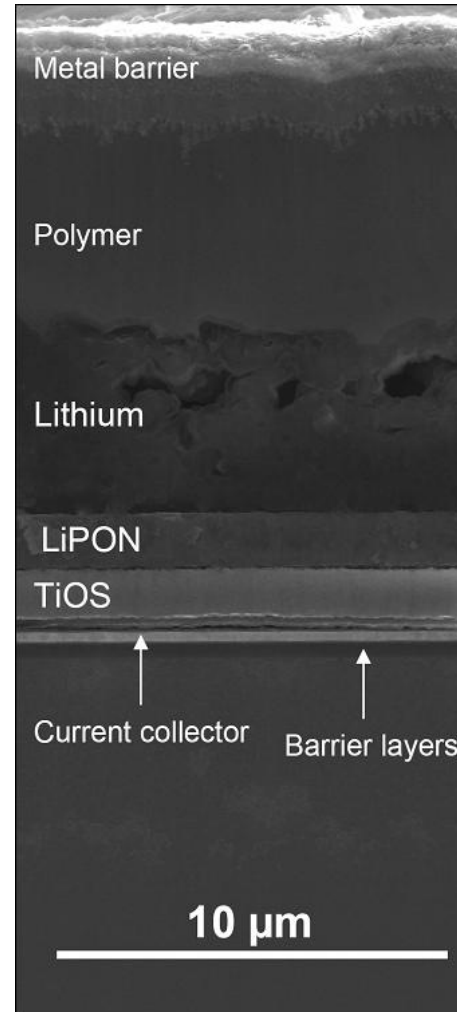
Cell voltage (V)



Medium voltage

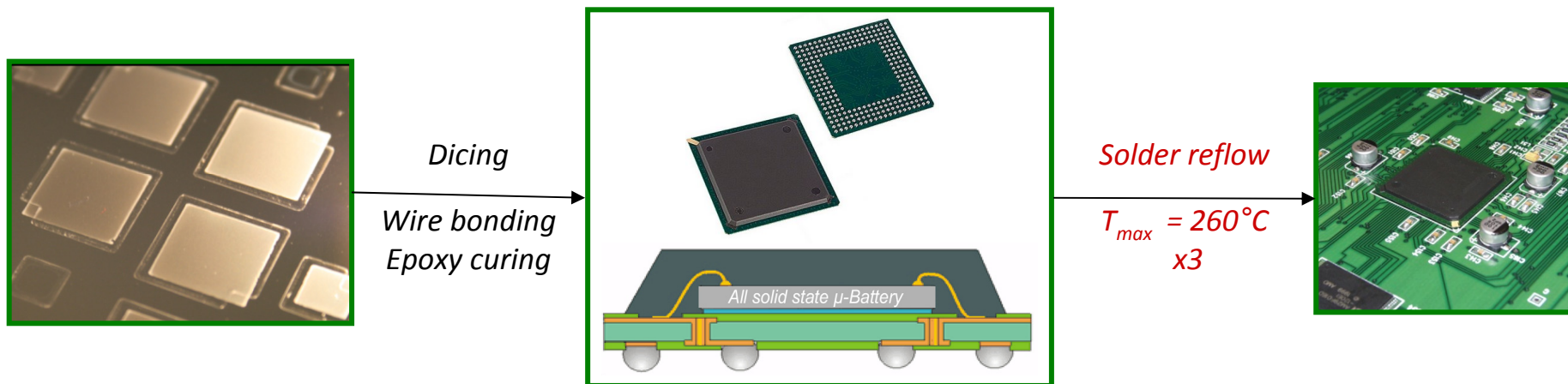


High cycle life



Very low self discharge
<5% / year

Reflowable μ -batteries

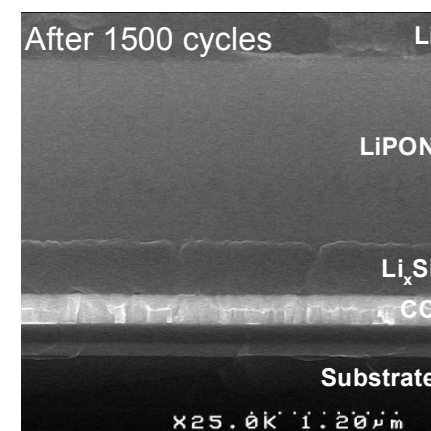
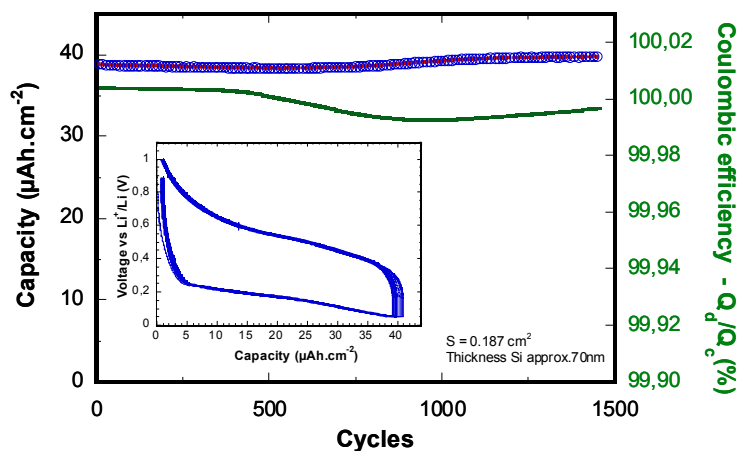


μ -batteries on Si wafer

Integration in a BGA package

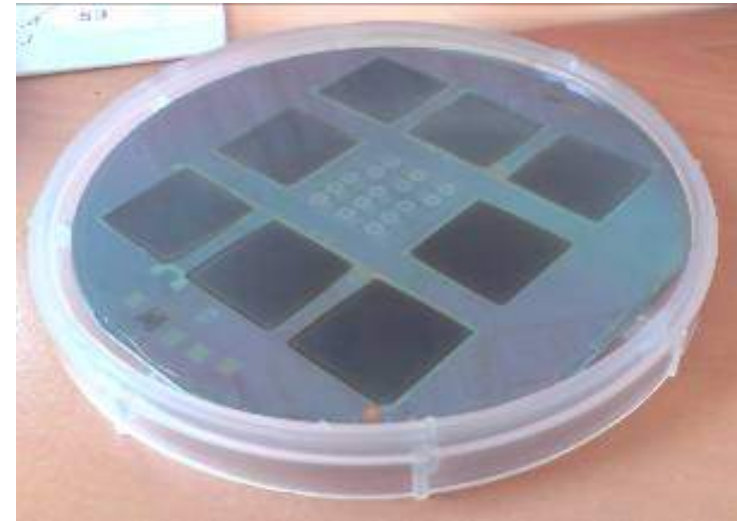
Connection on the PCB

Lithium-ion cells with a highly reversible Si negative electrode



High voltage microbatteries

- High voltage energy source for actuators
 - Technology fusion between silicon actuators and microbatteries

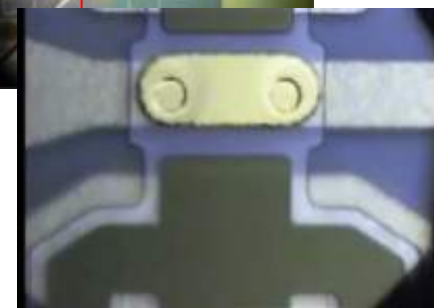
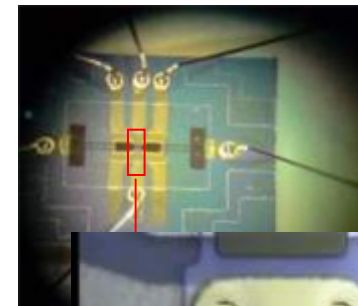
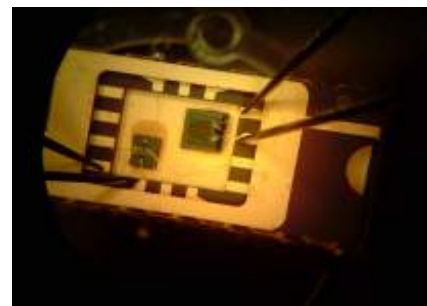
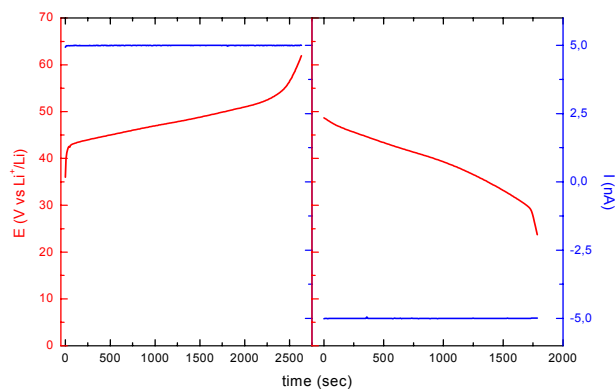
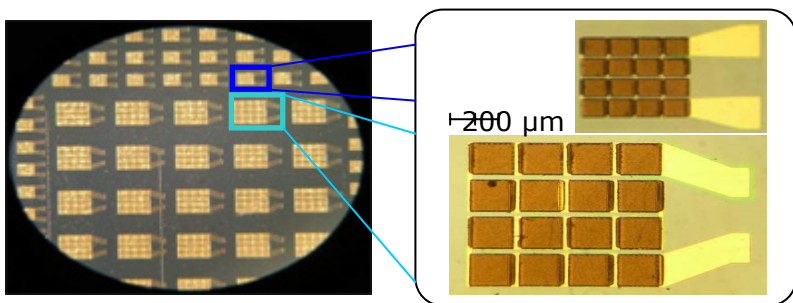
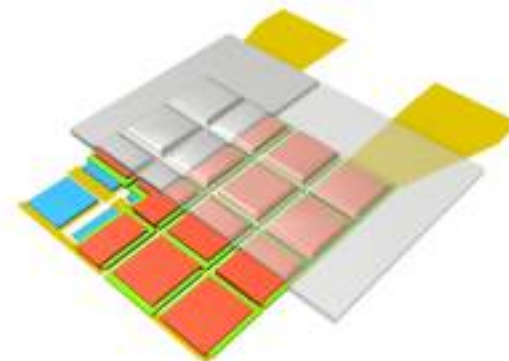


- Applications: μ UAV, avionics



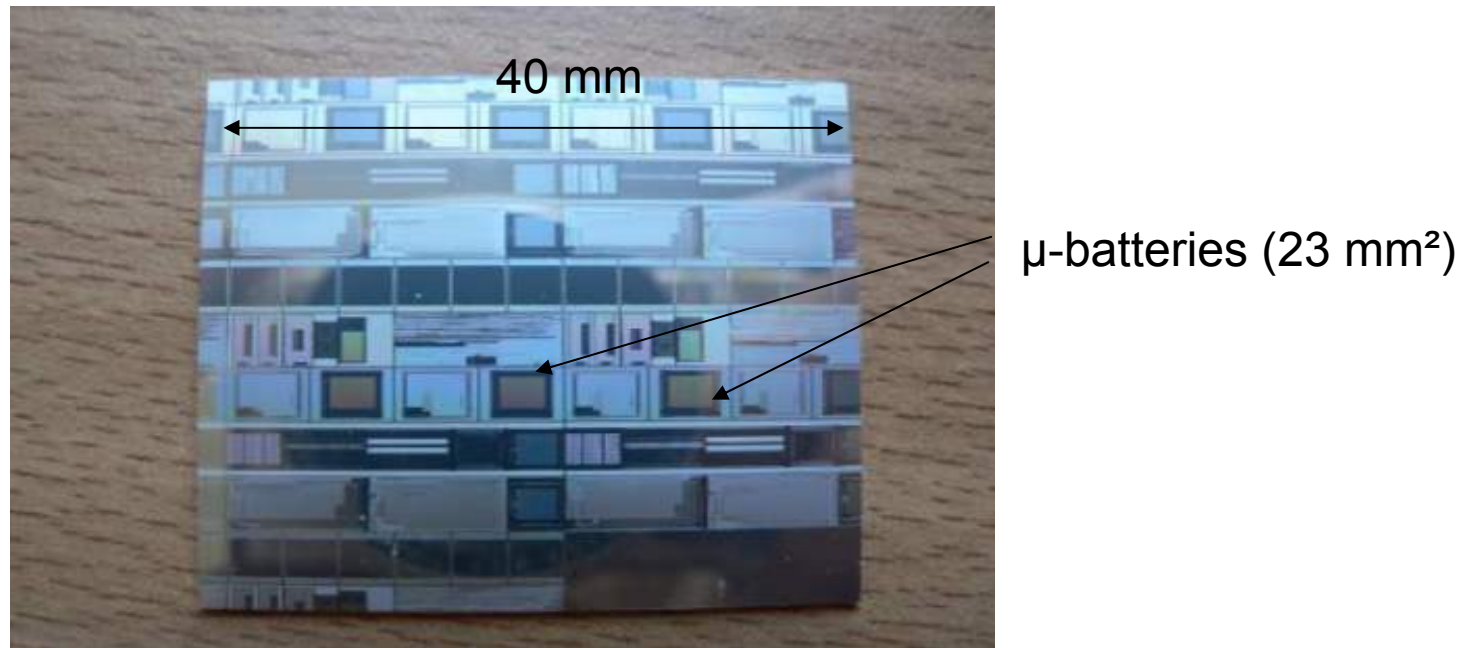
High voltage photolithography microbatteries

- High voltage (> 30V) energy source for RF MEMS
 - Connections in series of 16 V_2O_5 based microbatteries
 - $100 \times 100 \mu\text{m}^2$ microbatteries
 - Photolithographic process
 - Standard clean room environment



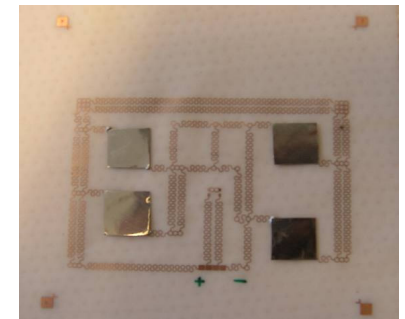
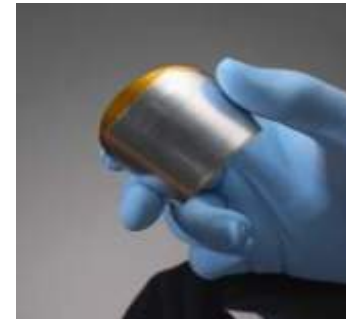
Integration: Above IC capability

- Microbattery on integrated circuit for smart card application: security improvement

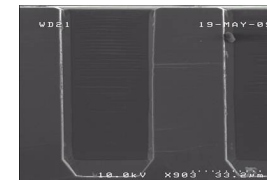
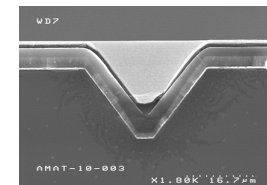
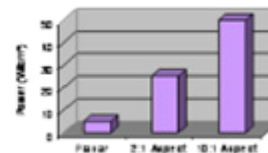
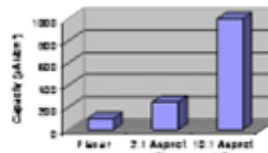
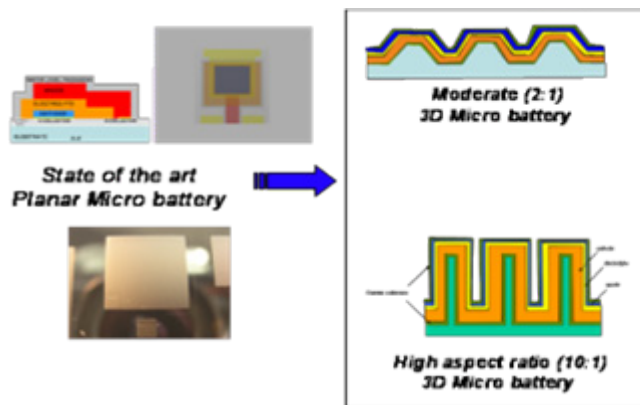


Different substrates for various applications

- Flexible/stretchable substrates
 - Polyimide substrates (low T process)
 - Large area for high capacity



- Textured substrates



- Stacked microbatteries



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Merci de votre attention